

COMING

March 2nd



THE AMERICAN CROESUS

If you were a prince and a beautiful girl's father offered you \$20,000,000 to marry her, what would you do?

What did the Prince of Graustark do? Read our new McCutcheon serial for the answer.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Sexagesima Sunday, Feb. 27.
Holy communion 8 a. m.
Sunday School 10 a. m.
Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m.
Evening prayer and sermon 7 p. m.
Rev. W. F. Renneberg,
Rector.

On Tuesday evening Miss Carrie May Reid entertained a large number of her friends at a Martha Washington party. The color scheme was red, the parlor being decorated in profusion of red hearts and red festooning. A leap year proposal contest was an interesting feature. All the young ladies had their hair powdered and several wore colonial costumes, of the dresses worn being heirlooms, the effect being well carried out. A salad course was served. The guests were: Misses Annie Lee Brown, Bess Choate, Mildred and Irene Thomson, Jane Binford, Sarah, Emma and Lula Douglass, Bettie Louise Curdin, Lydia Harrison, Celest Roberts, Camille Barrett, Allie Thomas, Mary Shaw, Flora Clair, Evangeline Glover, of Union City; Messrs Leslie Skinner, Jim and Ben Briggs, Dorey Bondurant, Ben Bondurant, Lila Choate, Alfred Tillman, Ben Walker, Sam Barry, Jim Lee Pickett, Roy Jurney, Olney Johnson, Dee Reid, Floyd Adkisson, Joel Brevard and Marvin Watson, of Union City.

We understand the city now owes the Public Service Co., about \$3,200 for light and water. This is the largest local bill the city has to pay, but it has numerous small accounts to look after, too. In order to get their business straightened out, it is probable the council will employ an auditor and learn just where they stand.

Fresh canned brains—very fine—at Prather's.

Call at this office for typewriter paper.

SUDAN GRASS AS RATION FOR ARMY HORSE



Harvesting Sudan Grass on Texas Farm.

The veteran troop horse of the United States army mounted forces is an epicure.

Did you ever think of this in that light?

Well, he is. The knowing equine whose glistening body turns sharply as left guide of the squadron even before the rider's knees and wrist repeat to him the command of the officer is as cranky as the old grizzled "top" sergeant when it comes to the grade of "chow" put forth for him in the shape of rations. Also, as is the case with his human prototype in equestrian questions, he doesn't always exhibit a fondness for that grade of food which is the best for him.

For instance, he just dotes on alfalfa, but alfalfa isn't good for him; that is, given in straight doses. Alfalfa is a very palatable feeding hay, but it has been demonstrated by actual experience with the United States cavalry that alfalfa, unless mixed in the proportion of about half and half with a good, well-cured grass hay, will not produce satisfactory results, causing horses to scour badly and consequently lose weight.

A new delicacy has come the way of the troop horse, however, one that pleases his palate and yet is beneficial to his equine health. Sudan grass may soon be a regular entry on the menu of the stables of the army. It came about in this fashion:

David B. Clarkson of Chicago, better known in Texas as the apostle of the Sudan grass, furnished Capt. F. W. Glover, quartermaster of the Sixth United States cavalry, with 40,000 pounds of the grass from his farm, near Corpus Christi, Tex. The regiment at that time was stationed at Texas City, near Houston, and orders were issued by Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the army division, providing for a practical test of the

grass as to feeding qualities for animals. Troop G, Capt. W. J. Scott, commanding, and Troop B, First Lieut. E. A. Keyes, commanding, were selected to conduct the test, each troop being issued 20,000 pounds of the grass for the purpose. These troops were selected for the reason that their troop commanders were graduates of the mounted service school of the United States army at Fort Riley, Kan., and are recognized by army men as experts on forage for animals.

Both Captain Scott and Lieutenant Keyes pronounced the test entirely satisfactory, and intend to submit reports to the officials at Washington strongly recommending Sudan grass as a feeding hay for public animals.

"The average old cavalry horse," declares Captain Glover, "is rather particular as to his feed, especially the hay component of the forage ration, and when he displays anything approaching enthusiasm over his hay it may be taken for granted that he has got hold of something good. From the beginning the horses went after Sudan grass like children after candy, showing conclusively that it was a most palatable feed; but, like children again, everything a horse likes is not necessarily the best feed for him."

"Sudan grass, to the exclusion of all other hay, was fed to the horses of the two troops mentioned for one month and the results were satisfactory in every respect. The horses ate every shred of it, improved in condition, and, while it was not practical to weigh them at the beginning and conclusion of the test, I am convinced from my inspection of the horses that they gained some in weight."

Captain Glover declares that he has become a firm believer in Sudan grass as a feed for cavalry horses and will do everything he can to encourage the production of it.

REGULATE QUALITY OF MILK

Source of Infection Must First Be Controlled—Milkster Must Be Clean in Every Respect.

In order to control the quality of milk, the source of infection must first be controlled. The sources of infection are several, consisting of the hands and clothing of the milkster, the mud and dirt of the pasture, barnyard and stable; the accumulation on the body of the cow; the air of the barn and the milking utensils. As for the one who does the milking, he should wear clean outer garments, have clean hands and be clean in all respects. Since cows do not like unnecessary delay, it is best to milk quickly, quietly, cleanly and thoroughly. Dogs, cats, or loafers should not be allowed around at milking time.

The milking utensils should be of metal. The modern dairy pails are excellent. The milking utensils should be washed in warm water, scalded thoroughly and inverted in the open air with as much sunlight as possible to shine on them.

As for a separator, you know that a dirty one is a good breeding place for germs. These germs multiply rapidly and contaminate all milk and cream run through the machine. You can see the necessity of cleaning the separator thoroughly with warm water. The sunlight kills germs, so let as much sunlight to the separator as possible.

MANY USES FOR RUTABAGAS

Excellent Vegetable for Winter and Spring as Well as Good Stock Food—Find Ready Market.

(By E. J. WATSON, Louisiana Experiment Station.)

The rutabaga is an excellent winter and spring vegetable for the table as well as a good stock food. It has also been demonstrated that they find a ready sale on the southern markets during the winter and early spring.

For rutabagas the soil should be finely prepared and the seed sown in drills about three feet apart. As soon as a stand is secured the plants are thinned to about ten inches in the drill and given light cultivation at frequent intervals until frost comes. This plant will stand any degree of cold that we are likely to have in the extreme South. Well-rotted lot manure is the best fertilizer to use, but if it is not available cottonseed meal will answer the purpose.

MUCH HARM IN OVERFEEDING

Wide Difference in Animals in Manner of Consuming Feed—Large Amount of Material Wasted.

There is often danger of overfeeding animals to the extent that so much material is taken into the system that some of it is not properly assimilated or wasted. There is a wide difference in animals in the manner of consuming feed. Some will stop when the stomach is full and wait until there is a call due to the needs of the body for more feed, while others will not wait, but seem to delight in continually eating or nibbling at their food. Many horses have this latter characteristic and it acts as a detriment to the well-being of the animal.

If the horse continues to eat after the stomach has been filled, the material already in the stomach will be forced on into the intestines before digestion has been completed. The feed will in this way not only be wasted, but some of the energies of the body will be taxed to dispose of the excessive amount and the horse will be injured instead of being benefited by the good intentions of the feeder. The practice of feeding large quantities of rough feed, as dry or musty hay or fodder, should be strictly guarded against, as it produces the condition that usually results in indigestion and in the end may bring on heaves.

DRAINED FIELD FOR ALFALFA

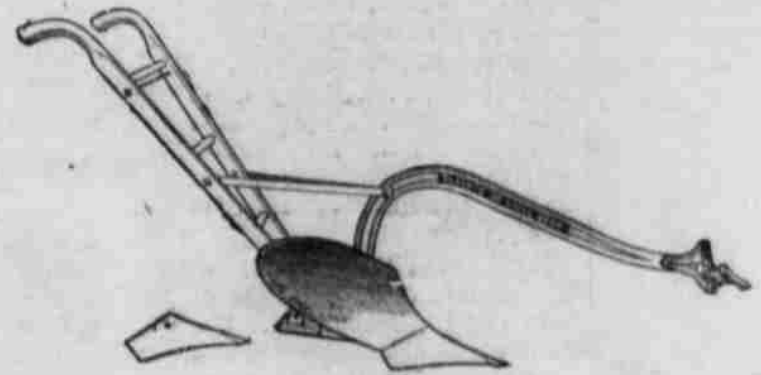
Site Selected Should Be Gently Sloping to Prevent Accumulation of Water—Avoid Depressions.

In selecting a site for alfalfa choose a well-drained field having, preferably, a gentle slope, so as to prevent an accumulation of water from melting snow or heavy spring rains. Avoid fields having numerous pockets or depressions, as the alfalfa will either be drowned out or smothered by covering ice sheets and blue grass will take its place.

Alfalfa will do well on level fields, but in the spring there is always the danger of formation of smothering ice sheets, which kill out alfalfa in large areas.

Sell Undesirable Horses. Sell the undersized, unsound mares and geldings as soon as possible and replace them with carefully selected, heavy, grade mares. Carefully managed, such brood mares should easily do the work of the farm. From them it is possible to raise profitable foals.

PLOWS!



No. 2 True Blue Steel Beam Plow, extra cutter point, \$11.00

No. 2½ True Blue Steel Beam Plow—extra cutter point, 12.00

No. 3 True Blue Steel Beam Plow, extra cutter point, 13.50

These prices are from 50c to \$1.00 less than last season



No. 20 Oliver Steel Beam Plows, 2 Pts., \$10.00

No. 40 " " " " 11.00

No. 12 Vulcan " " " 10.00

No. 14 " " " " 11.00

No. 10 Rose Clip'r " " " 13.00

No. 11 " " " " 13.50

No. 19 Steel Beam John Deere, " 11.50

No. 20 " " " " 12.50

These are the best the world affords, and the prices are as cheap as you will find them anywhere in the United States.

Hickman Hdw. Co.

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